ALGEBRA TIER I EXAM

January 2004

You have 25 questions. Each one is worth 4 points.

1. Let $V \neq \{0\}$ be a vector space over the real numbers \mathbb{R} with the dimension $\dim(V) = n < \infty$. Let $f: V \to V$ be a linear mapping different the identical mapping id_V and different from $-\mathrm{id}_V$. Assume that f is an involution, i.e., $f \circ f =$ id_V .

a) Prove that the only possible eigenvalues are $\lambda = 1$ and $\lambda = -1$.

b) Let V_1 and V_{-1} be the subspace of V consisting of all the eigenvectors corresponding to the eigenvalue $\lambda = 1$ and $\lambda = -1$, respectively. Prove that $V_1 \neq \{0\}$, $V_{-1} \neq \{0\}, V_{-1} \cap V_1 = \{0\}, \text{ and } V_{-1} + V_1 = V.$

c) Prove that there exists a basis for V such that the matrix representation F for f takes the form of a 2×2 block matrix

$$F = \left(\begin{array}{cc} I_p & 0_{p \times q} \\ 0_{q \times p} & -I_q \end{array} \right).$$

 $F = \left(\begin{array}{cc} I_p & 0_{p\times q} \\ 0_{q\times p} & -I_q \end{array}\right),$ where $I_p,~1_q,~0_{p\times q},$ and $0_{q\times p},$ denote the $p\times p$ unit matrix, the $q\times q$ unit matrix, the $p \times q$ zero matrix, and the $q \times p$ zero matrix, respectively, and where p + q = n, with p > 0 and q > 0.

2. Let $V \neq \{0\}$ be a vector space over the real numbers \mathbb{R} with the dimension $\dim(V) = n < \infty$. Let $f: V \to V$ be a linear mapping. Assume that f has the property $f \circ f = -id_V$, where id_V denotes the identity mapping of V.

a) Prove that f has no (real) eigenvalues.

b) Let $e \in V$, $e \neq 0$. Prove that e and f(e) are linearly independent.

c) Prove that the dimension n of V must be even.

3. Consider the following matrices in $M_3(\mathbb{C})$.

(i)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (ii) $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ (iii) $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & -3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$

a) Find the characteristic polynomials C(x) for each of the matrices above

b) Find the minimal polynomials M(x) for each of the matrices above.

c) Find the Jordan canonical form for each of the matrices above.

4. a) Describe the automorphism group $Aut(\mathbb{Z}/9\mathbb{Z})$ of the group $\mathbb{Z}/9\mathbb{Z}$.

b) Give an example of a group with the trivial center.

c) Prove that if a group G has the trivial center then $|Aut(G)| \geq |G|$.

5. Let S_n denote the symmetric group on n letters.

a) Find an element $a \in S_n$ of order n.

b) Find an element $b \in S_5$ of order 6.

c) Describe the conjugacy classes in S_4 . How many are there?

- **6.** Let G be the subgroup of $\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$ generated by elements (2,6), (8,21), (-4,-9). Find two generators for G.
- **7.** a) Let R be a commutative ring, $I \subset R$ an ideal such that R/I is a field. Let $a, b \in R$ such that $ab \in I$. Prove that $a \in I$ or $b \in I$.
- b) Describe all maximal ideals in the polynomial ring $\mathbb{C}[x]$.
- c) Show that the principal ideal $(y) \subset \mathbb{C}[x,y]$ is prime, but not maximal.
- d) Show that the principal ideal $(y x^2) \subset \mathbb{C}[x, y]$ is prime.
- **8.** Consider the ring $M_n(\mathbb{R})$ of $n \times n$ matrices with real entries.
- a) Show that $M_n(\mathbb{R})$ is a simple ring (has no nontrivial two-sided ideals).
- b) Let M be a left module over $M_n(\mathbb{R})$. Notice that the field \mathbb{R} is embedded in the ring $M_n(\mathbb{R})$ as scalar matrices; hence in particular M is an \mathbb{R} -vector space. Prove that $\dim_{\mathbb{R}}(M) \geq n$. (Hint: use a)).
- **9.** a) Let \mathbb{F}_q denote a finite field with q elements. Prove that $q=p^n$ for a prime p and some n>0. (You cannot use the classification of finite fields.)
- b) Describe the Galois group $Gal(\mathbb{F}_8/\mathbb{F}_2)$ explicitly.
- c) Let $f(x) \in \mathbb{F}_2[x]$ be a polynomial of degree 5. Show that the field \mathbb{F}_{32} contains all the roots of f(x).