The MetaOCaml files

Status report and research proposal



How to reconcile generality with performance?

Write custom code generators! Common practice.

How to assure generated code well-formed? (Why?)

▶ Use MetaOCaml! Extends full OCaml. Widely used.

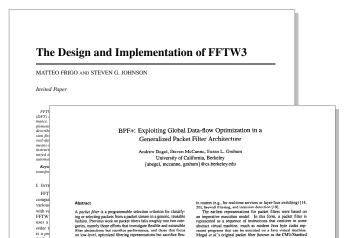


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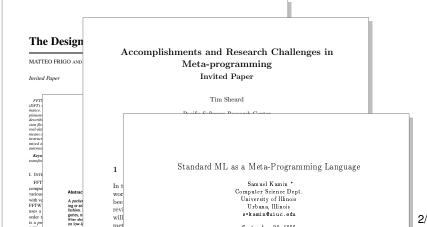


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MetaOCaml	BER MetaOCaml
-January 2006	March 2010-?
OCaml 3.09.1	OCaml 3.11.2
bytecode + native	bytecode

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How to type-check generated code?

- Preserve type environments
- Rename shadowed identifiers?
- Follow explicit substitutions?

How to maintain type soundness with side effects?

- Later binders delimit earlier effects
- Regions of generated names?
- Earlier effects prevent later generalization?

How to implement code generation as syntactic sugar?

- camlp4/5 quotations
- Represent let-polymorphism by higher polymorphism?

	MetaOCaml	is not quite like	Lisp
bracket	. <x +="" y="">.</x>	quasiquote	(+ x y)
escape	.~body	unquote	, body
run	.!code	eval	(eval code)
persist	r		',r

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Implicit binding context ...

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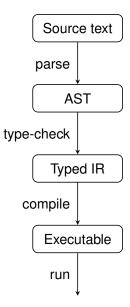
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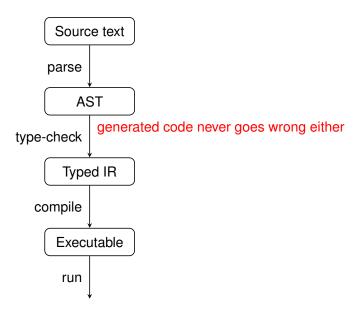
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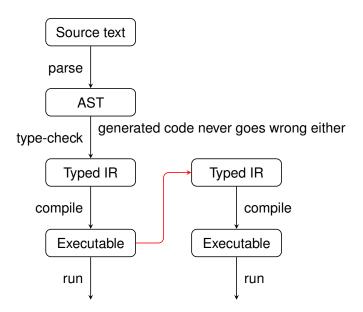
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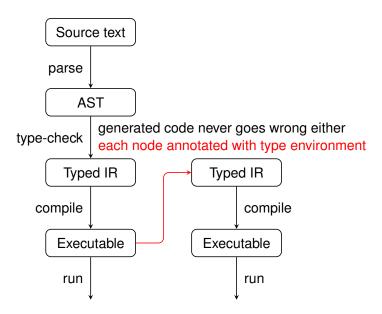
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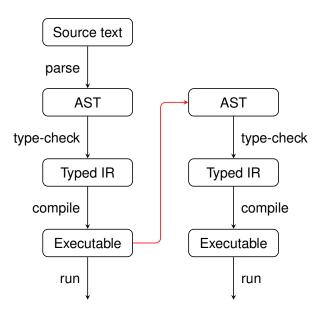
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Preserving type environments

```
# type foo = Foo
  let x = .<Foo>.
  type bar = Foo | Bar
  let y = .<Foo>.
  let z = .<(.~x, .~y)>. ;;
val z : ('a, foo * bar) code = .<((Foo), (Foo))>.
```

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Currently, .<Foo>. means to make an AST node Foo and stash *the type environment here* in it.

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val z : (`a, foo * bar) code = .<((Foo), (Foo))>.
Perhaps simpler:
                 type foo = Foo1
                 type bar = Foo2 | Bar
                              .cmo
```

Need guidance from a calculus with explicit substitutions!

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Scope extrusion

Pure staging works great, especially with polymorphism. But effects are oh so useful.

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```
# let code =
   let r = ref .<1>. in
   let _ = .<fun x -> .~(r := .<x>.; .<()>.)>. in
   !r ;;

val code : ('a, int) code = .<x_1>.
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# .!code ;;

Unbound value x_1

Exception: Trx.TypeCheckingError.
```

To restore soundness: later binders delimit earlier effects To express even more: regions of generated names?

let f() = ref []

```
# let f() = ref []
in f() := [1];
   "hello" :: !(f()) ;;
- : string list = ["hello"]
```

```
# let c = .<let f() = ref[]
```

```
# let c = .<let f() = ref []
            in f() := [1]:
               "hello" :: !(f())>. ::
val c : ('a, string list) code =
  .< let f_2() = ref[]
    in \ f_2() := [1];
       "hello" :: !(f_2())>.
# .!c ;;
- : string list = ["hello"]
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```
# let c = .<let f() = .~(.<ref[]>.)
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# let c = .<let f() = .~(let r = ref [] in .<r>.)
            in f() := [1]:
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val c : ('a, string list) code =
  .<let f_2() = (* cross-stage persistent value)
                                       (as id: r) *)
    in \ f_2() := [1];
       "hello" :: !(f_2())>.
# .!c ;;
Segmentation fault
```

To restore soundness:

earlier effects prevent later generalization?

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camlp4/5 quotations? CUFP BoF, tutorial.

```
.<let id = fun x -> x in id 1>. Let_ (Lam (fun x -> x)) (fun id -> App id (Lit 1))
```

Seems straightforward, but how to represent polymorphic let?

$$\frac{e:\tau}{e:\forall\alpha.\,\tau} \;\; \text{Gen} \;\; : \; \forall \tau : \star \to \star. \; (\forall \alpha.\,\alpha\,\tau\,\text{code}) \to (\forall \alpha.\,\alpha\,\tau)\,\text{code}$$

$$\frac{e:\forall\alpha.\,\tau}{e:\tau[\sigma/\alpha]} \;\; \text{Spec} \; : \; \forall \tau : \star \to \star. \; (\forall \alpha.\,\alpha\,\tau)\,\text{code} \to (\forall \alpha.\,\alpha\,\tau\,\text{code})$$

Need higher-rank, higher-kind polymorphism?

Don't generate code that uses polymorphism? 'Metacircular let

```
let id = Lam (fun x \rightarrow x) in App id ic
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